

Physics 122-01
Test 2
March 31, 2004

Name: _____

Start all problems with a fundamental principle or with an equation from the equation sheet. Be sure to show your work **clearly** and **draw a box around your answer**. If any question is unclear, please ask immediately.

1. (20 pts.) A long tube of length 0.8 m is filled with Argon gas ($\gamma = 5/3$, $M = 0.040$ kg/mole, $T = 295.6$ K). One end of the tube is open. At the other end is a speaker driven at a frequency f , where f can be varied with a function generator. The end with the speaker should be treated as a closed end.

a. (5 pts.) Sketch the three lowest-frequency modes.

b. (5 pts.) What are the wavelengths for those three lowest modes?

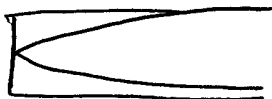
c. (10 pts.) What are the frequencies for those three lowest modes?

Name: SOLUTIONS

Start all problems with a fundamental principle or with an equation from the equation sheet. Be sure to show your work **clearly** and **draw a box around your answer**. If any question is unclear, please ask immediately.

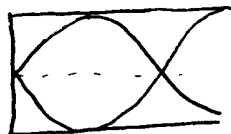
1. (20 pts.) A long tube of length 0.8m is filled with Argon gas ($\gamma = 5/3$, $M = 0.040$ kg/mole, $T = 295.6$ K). One end of the tube is open. At the other end is a speaker driven at a frequency f , where f can be varied with a function generator. The end with the speaker should be treated as a closed end.

a. (5 pts.) Sketch the three lowest-frequency modes.

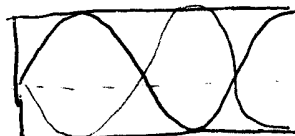


$$L = 0.8 \text{ m}$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{\gamma RT}{M}} = \sqrt{\frac{(5/3)(8.3145)(295.6)}{0.040}}$$



$$v = 320 \text{ m/s}$$



b. (5 pts.) What are the wavelengths for those three lowest modes?

$$1: L = \frac{1}{4} \lambda_1 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 4L = \boxed{3.2 \text{ m}}$$

$$2: L = \frac{3}{4} \lambda_2 \Rightarrow \lambda_2 = \frac{4L}{3} = \boxed{1.07 \text{ m}}$$

$$3: L = \frac{5}{4} \lambda_3 \Rightarrow \lambda_3 = \frac{4L}{5} = \boxed{0.64 \text{ m}}$$

c. (10 pts.) What are the frequencies for those three lowest modes?

$$f_1 = v/\lambda_1 = \boxed{100 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$f_2 = v/\lambda_2 = 3f_1 = \boxed{300 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$f_3 = v/\lambda_3 = 5f_1 = \boxed{500 \text{ Hz}}$$