

1.65

- As a test of orienteering skills, your physics class holds a contest in a large, open field. Each contestant is told to travel 20.8 m due north from the starting point, then 38.0 m due east, and finally 18.0 m in the direction 33.0° west of south. After the specified displacements, a contestant will find a silver dollar hidden under a rock. The winner is the person who takes the shortest time to reach the location of the silver dollar. Remembering what you learned in class, you run on a straight line from the starting point to the hidden coin. How far and in what direction do you run?

1.67

(1.65 m)

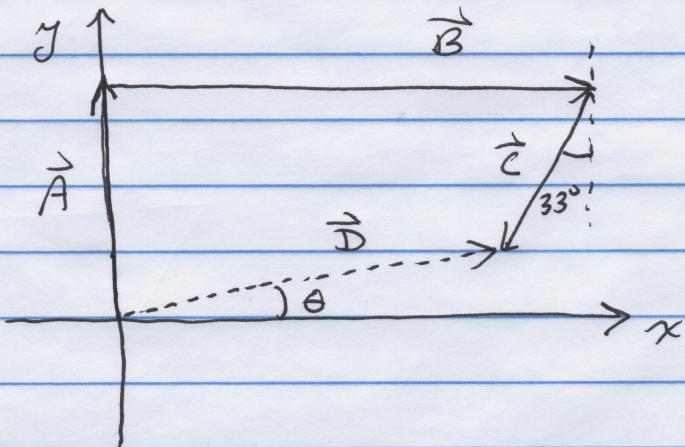
(5th edition)

$$\vec{A} = 20.8 \text{ m} @ 90^\circ \text{ (North)}$$

$$\vec{B} = 38.0 \text{ m} @ 0^\circ \text{ (East)}$$

$$\vec{C} = 18.0 \text{ m} @ -123^\circ \text{ (33° West of South)}$$

$$\text{Find } \vec{D} = \vec{A} + \vec{B} + \vec{C}$$



$$A_x = A \cos 90^\circ = 0$$

$$A_y = A \sin 90^\circ = 20.8 \text{ m}$$

$$B_x = B \cos 0^\circ = 38.0 \text{ m}$$

$$B_y = B \sin 0^\circ = 0$$

$$C_x = 18.0 \cos(-123^\circ) = -9.80 \text{ m}$$

$$C_y = 18.0 \sin(-123^\circ) = -15.10 \text{ m}$$

$$D_x = A_x + B_x + C_x = 28.20 \text{ m}$$

$$D_y = A_y + B_y + C_y = 5.70 \text{ m}$$

$$D = \sqrt{D_x^2 + D_y^2} = \boxed{28.8 \text{ m}}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(D_y/D_x) = \boxed{11.4^\circ}$$