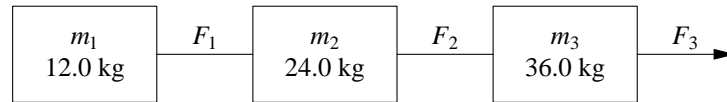


Problem 2: (20 pts.) The three blocks in the figure are pulled to the right on a horizontal frictionless table by a force of magnitude $F_3 = 96.0\text{ N}$.

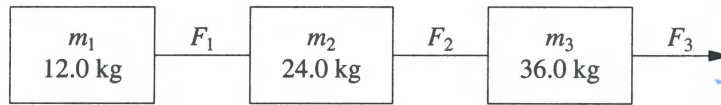


a. (6 pts.) What is the acceleration of all three blocks?

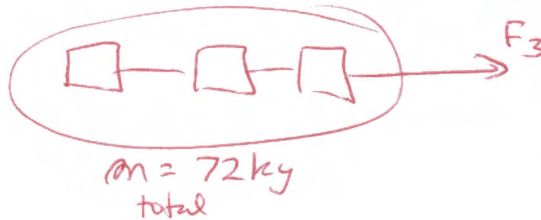
b. (7 pts.) What is the tension F_1 ?

c. (7 pts.) What is the tension F_2 ?

Problem 2: (20 pts.) The three blocks in the figure are pulled to the right on a horizontal frictionless table by a force of magnitude $F_3 = 96.0\text{ N}$.



a. (6 pts.) What is the acceleration of all three blocks?



$$F_3 = m_{\text{total}} a$$

$$a = \frac{96.0\text{ N}}{72.0\text{ kg}} = \boxed{1.33\text{ m/s}^2}$$

b. (7 pts.) What is the tension F_1 ?

Isolate block 1



$$\Sigma F = m_1 a$$

$$F_1 = (12.0\text{ kg}) \left(\frac{4}{3}\text{ m/s}^2\right)$$

$$\boxed{F_1 = 16\text{ N}}$$

c. (7 pts.) What is the tension F_2 ?

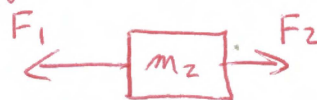
Way #1: Consider blocks 1+2:



$$(36\text{ kg}) \left(\frac{4}{3}\text{ m/s}^2\right) = F_2$$

$$\boxed{48\text{ N} = F_2}$$

Way #2: Consider block 2



$$F_2 - F_1 = m_2 a$$

$$F_2 - 16 = (24) \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$F_2 - 16 = 32$$

$$\boxed{F_2 = 48\text{ N}}$$

Way #3: Consider block 3



$$F_3 - F_2 = m_3 a$$

$$96 - F_2 = (36) \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$96 - F_2 = 48$$

$$\boxed{F_2 = 48\text{ N}}$$