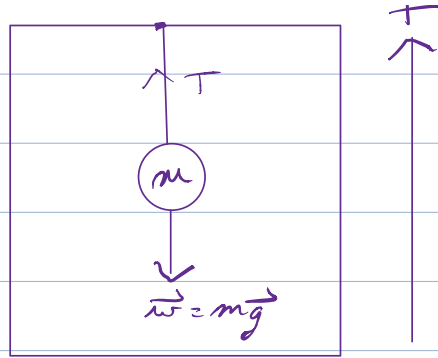
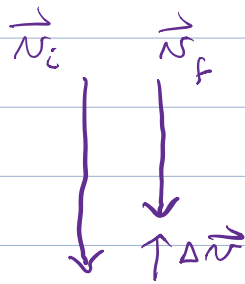


••42 A lamp hangs vertically from a cord in a descending elevator that decelerates at 2.4 m/s^2 . (a) If the tension in the cord is 89 N, what is the lamp's mass? (b) What is the cord's tension when the elevator ascends with an upward acceleration of 2.4 m/s^2 ?



\vec{v} is negative

$$\vec{a} = + 2.4 \text{ m/s}^2 \hat{j}$$

$$\Sigma \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$T - mg = ma$$

$$T = ma + mg = m(a + g)$$

$$m = \frac{T}{a + g} = \frac{89 \text{ N}}{(2.4 + 9.8) \text{ m/s}^2} = \boxed{7.30 \text{ kg}}$$

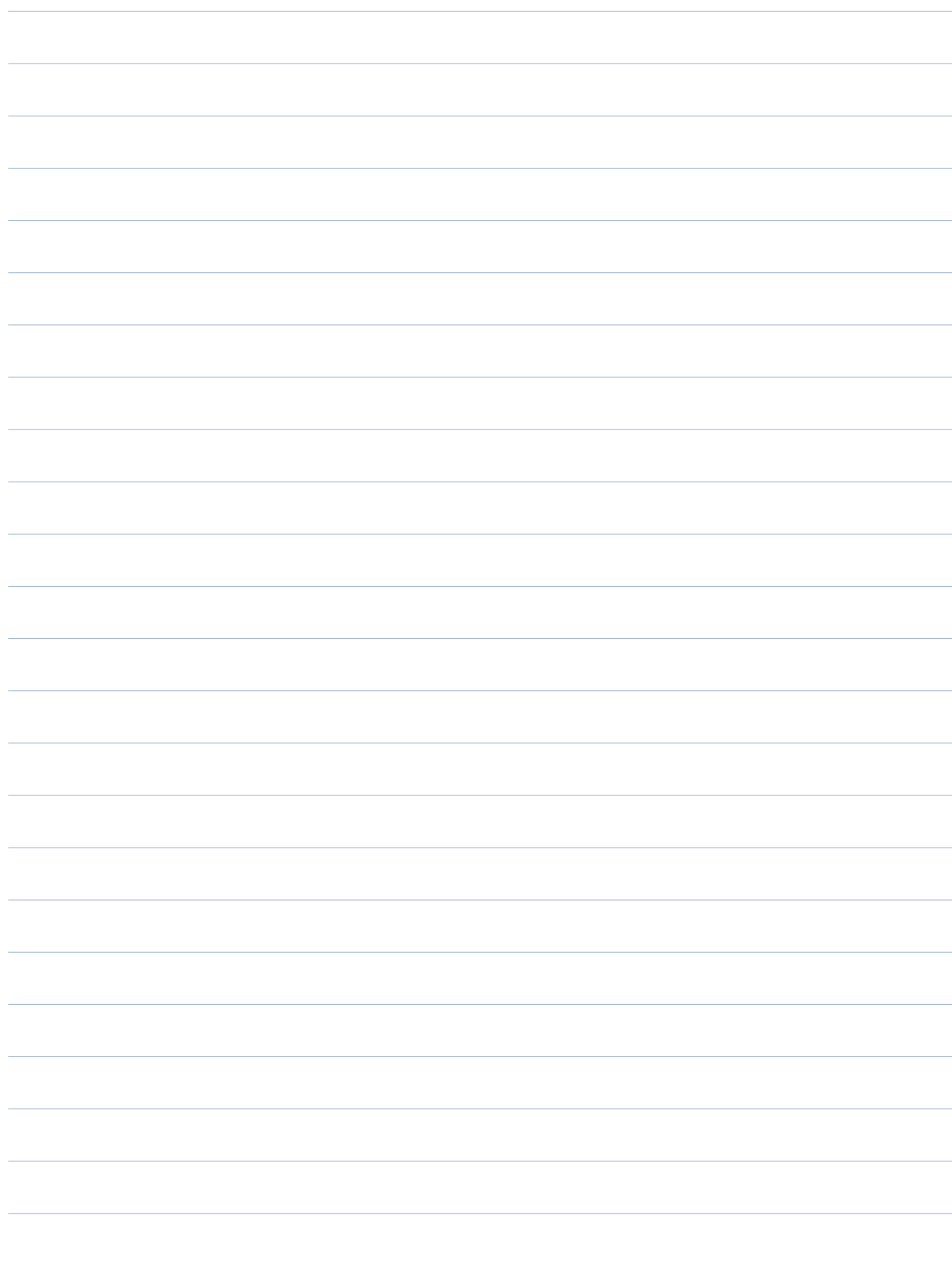
actual weight

$$mg = (7.30 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) = 71.5 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{apparent weight} = T = 89 \text{ N}$$

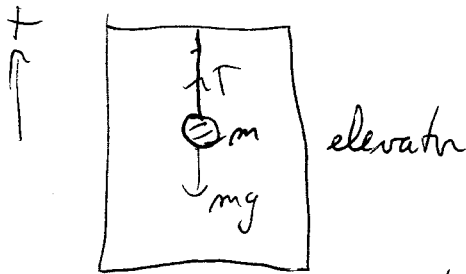
General advice: Step off the elevator.

Make your measurements in an inertial frame of reference.



HW-8

5-42



N is negative

Observed $a = +2.4 \text{ m/s}^2$

Observed $T = 89 \text{ N}$

$m = ?$

Step off elevator: $\Sigma F = ma$

$$T - mg = ma$$

$$T = m(g + a)$$

$$m = \frac{T}{g + a} = \frac{89 \text{ N}}{9.8 + 2.4} = 7.295 \approx 7.30 \text{ kg}$$

actual weight = $mg = 71.5 \text{ N}$

apparent weight = 89 N

General advice - don't worry about "apparent weight"
sit in an inertial (non-accelerated) reference frame
and apply $\Sigma F = ma$.