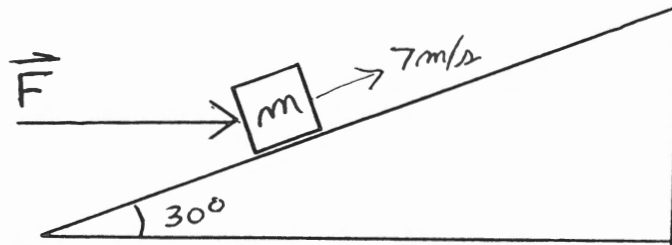


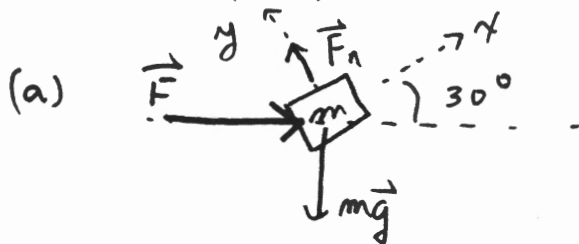
4. (15 pts.) A block with mass  $m = 10\text{kg}$  is being pushed by a horizontal force  $\vec{F}$  up a frictionless incline with a speed of  $7\text{m/s}$ . The angle of the incline is  $\alpha = 30^\circ$ .
- (3 pts.) Draw a free body diagram showing all forces acting on the block. Be sure to label each force and show what coordinate system you will be using.
  - (6 pts.) Find the magnitude of the applied force  $F$ .
  - (6 pts.) Find the magnitude of the normal force  $F_n$ .

4. (15 pts.) A block with mass  $m = 10\text{kg}$  is being pushed by a horizontal force  $\vec{F}$  up a frictionless incline with a speed of  $7\text{m/s}$ . The angle of the incline is  $\alpha = 30^\circ$ .

(see ch 4 # 41)  
(J.P/er)



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(b)  $x$ -component:  $F \cos 30^\circ - mg \sin 30^\circ = ma_x$

$$F \cos 30^\circ - mg \sin 30^\circ = 0$$

$$F = mg \tan 30^\circ = \boxed{56.6\text{N}}$$

(c)  $y$ -component:  $F_n - F \sin 30^\circ - mg \cos 30^\circ = ma_y$

$$F_n - F \sin 30^\circ - mg \cos 30^\circ = 0$$

$$F_n - 28.3\text{N} - 85.0\text{N} = 0$$

$$\boxed{F_n = 113\text{N}}$$