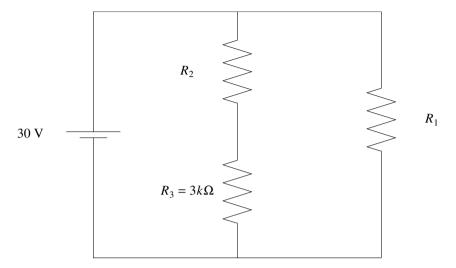
Problem 3: (30 pts.) In the circuit in the figure below, the power dissipated in the $3.00 \text{ k}\Omega$ resistor is 108 mW.

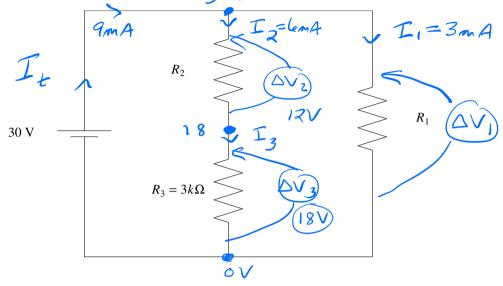


a. (10 pts.) What is the current through resistor R_3 ?

b. (10 pts.) What is the voltage across resistor R_2 ?

c. (10 pts.) The total power delivered by the battery is 270 mW. What is the resistance of R_1 ?

Problem 3: (30 pts.) In the circuit in the figure below, the power dissipated in the 3.00 kΩ resistor is 108 mW. 30 V



a. (10 pts.) What is the current through resistor R_3 ?

$$P_{3} = 10 \ 8m \ W = I_{3}(\Delta V_{3}) = I_{3}(I_{3}R_{3}) = I_{3}^{2}R_{3}$$

$$I_{3} = \sqrt{\frac{P_{3}}{R_{3}}} = \sqrt{\frac{108 \ mW}{3k \ M}} = 6mA$$
note: $I_{3} = I_{2}$

b. (10 pts.) What is the voltage across resistor R_2 ?

$$\Delta V_{a} = I_{a}R_{a} \qquad \Delta V_{3} = I_{3}R_{3}$$

$$30V - \Delta V_{a} - \Delta V_{3} = 0 \qquad = (6mA)(3kA)$$

$$30V - \Delta V_{3} = \Delta V_{2} \qquad = 18V$$

$$\Delta V_{a} = I_{2}V \qquad (node: R_{2} = 2kA)$$

c. (10 pts.) The total power delivered by the battery is 270 mW. What is the resistance of R_1 ? $\Delta V_1 = I, R_1$ what is I_1 ?

$$P_{\xi} = \xi I_{\xi} = (30V)I_{,} = 270 \text{ mW} \Rightarrow I_{,} = 9\text{ mA}$$

$$KCL: I_{\xi} = I_{,} + I_{2} \Rightarrow I_{,} = I_{\xi} - I_{2} = 12\text{ mA} - 9\text{ mA}$$

$$I_{,} = 3\text{ mA}$$

$$R_{,} = \frac{\Delta V_{,}}{I_{,}} = \frac{30V}{3\text{ mA}} = 10\text{ k}\Omega = R_{,}$$

Look at power for an alternute approach.

$$P_{\xi} = 270 \text{ mW}$$

$$P_{3} = 108 \text{ mW}$$

$$P_{3} = I_{2} (\Delta V_{2}) = (6\text{ mA}) (12 \text{ V}) = 72 \text{ mW}$$

$$Then consent energy$$

$$P_{\xi} = P_{1} + P_{2} + P_{3}$$

$$Sr P_{1} = P_{\xi} - P_{2} - P_{3}$$

$$= 270 \text{ mW} - 108 \text{ mW} - 72 \text{ mW} = 90 \text{ mW}$$

$$P_{1} = 90 \text{ mW} = I_{1} (\Delta V_{1})$$

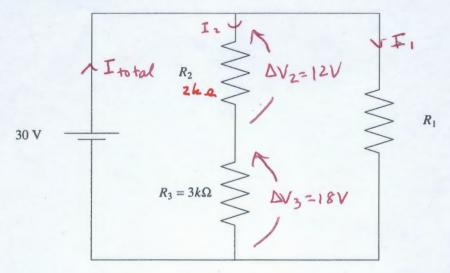
$$I_{1} = -90 \text{ mW} = 3 \text{ mA}, \text{ as before}$$

$$30 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{1} = \Delta V_{1} = -30 \text{ V} = 10 \text{ keR}, \text{ as before}$$

$$I_{1} = 30 \text{ V} = 10 \text{ keR}, \text{ as before}$$

Problem 3: (30 pts.) In the circuit in the figure below, the power dissipated in the $3.00 \text{ k}\Omega$ resistor is 108 mW.



a. (10 pts.) What is the current through resistor
$$R_3$$
?
 $P_3 = (\Delta V_3) I_3 = (I_3 R_3) I_3 = I_3^2 R_3$
 $I_3 = \sqrt{P_3/R_3} = \sqrt{\frac{108 mW}{3kc}} = 6 mA$

b. (10 pts.) What is the voltage across resistor R_2 ?

-

$$NV_{3} = I_{3}R_{3} = (6mA)(3kA) = 18V$$

$$AV_{2} + AV_{3} = 30V \Rightarrow AV_{2} = 12V$$

$$(note: this means) R_{2} = 2k \Omega.$$

$$(note: this means) R_{2} = 2R \Omega.$$

$$(10 \text{ pts.}) \text{ The total power delivered by the battery is 270 mW. What is the resistance of R_{1} ?
$$I_{total} = ? \qquad \& I_{total} = 270 \text{ mW}$$

$$I_{total} = \frac{270 \text{ mW}}{30V} = 9 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{1} = 9mA - 6mA = 3mA$$

$$AV_{1} = I_{1}R_{1} - 30V = (3mA)(R_{1}) \Rightarrow R_{1} = 10 \text{ kM}$$

$$OR = P_{rotal} = 270, P_{2} = 72 \text{ mW}, P_{3} = 90 \text{ mW}.$$$$