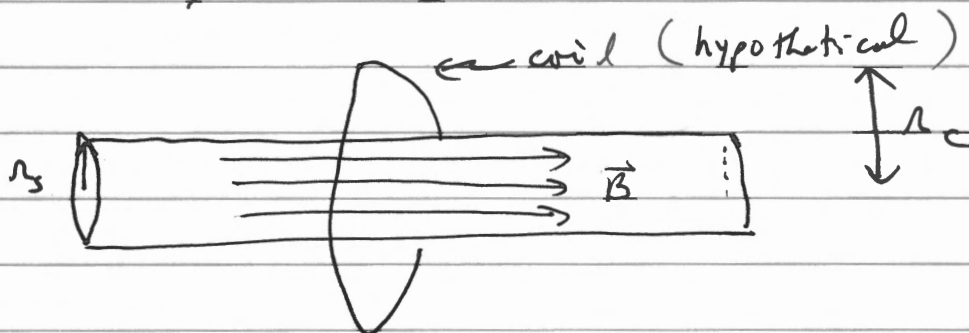


29.39 •• A long, thin solenoid has 400 turns per meter and radius 1.10 cm. The current in the solenoid is increasing at a uniform rate di/dt . The induced electric field at a point near the center of the solenoid and 3.50 cm from its axis is 8.00×10^{-6} V/m. Calculate di/dt .

Problem 29.39

Long thin solenoid, radius $R_s = 1.10 \text{ cm} = 0.0110 \text{ m}$
Coil around solenoid, radius $R_c = 3.50 \text{ cm} = 0.0350 \text{ m}$



Apply Faraday's law, as expressed in Eq. 29.16
$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{\ell} = - \frac{d\Phi_B}{dt}$$

- B inside solenoid $= \mu_0 n i$, where $n = 400 \text{ turns/meter}$.
- $\Phi_B = B \cdot \pi R_s^2 = \mu_0 n i \pi R_s^2$. Since $B = 0$ outside the solenoid, the flux is only ^{non-zero} inside the solenoid.
- For the line integral, consider the hypothetical coil with radius R_c .
$$E(2\pi R_c) = - \frac{d(\mu_0 n i \pi R_s^2)}{dt}$$

Only i varies here, so

$$\frac{di}{dt} = \frac{-E(2\pi R_c)}{\mu_0 n \pi R_s^2} = \frac{-(800 \times 10^{-6} \text{ V/m})(2\pi(0.0350 \text{ m}))}{(4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Tm/A})(400)\pi(0.0110 \text{ m})^2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{di}{dt} = 9.21 \text{ A/s}}$$