## Physics 133 Physics IIb—Thermodynamics and Waves Test 3 November 21, 2014

All problems <i>must</i> begin with either a fundamental principle or with an equation from the equation sheet. If any question is unclear, please ask immediately. Be sure to show your work <b>clearly</b> . Partial credit may be given for work <i>if</i> it can be understood.
<b>Problem 1:</b> (15 pts.) Unpolarized light of intensity 60 W/m <sup>2</sup> is incident on a polarized with its polarization axis at an angle of 20° away from the vertical. The light then passes through a second polarizer with its polarization axis at an angle of 50° away from the vertical.
a. (10 pts.) What is the intensity of the light after the second polarizer?
b. (5 pts.) Now suppose a third polarizer is added on the end with its polarization axis at an angle of 90° away from the vertical. What would be the intensity after this last polarizer?

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**Problem 1:** (15 pts.) Unpolarized light of intensity  $60 \text{ W/m}^2$  is incident on a polarizer with its polarization axis at an angle of  $20^\circ$  away from the vertical. The light then passes through a second polarizer with its polarization axis at an angle of  $50^\circ$  away from the vertical.

a. (10 pts.) What is the intensity of the light after the second polarizer?

$$I_{0} = \frac{1}{2} (60 \frac{W}{ma}) co2^{2} (30^{\circ}) = 22.5 \frac{W}{ma}$$

b. (5 pts.) Now suppose a third polarizer is added on the end with its polarization axis at an angle of 90° away from the vertical. What would be the intensity after this last polarizer?

$$I_{2} = I_{3} = I_{2} \cos^{2}(90^{\circ} - 50^{\circ})$$

$$I_{3} = I_{3} \cos^{2}(90^{\circ} - 50^{\circ})$$

$$I_{3} = 13.2 \text{ W/m}^{2}$$