

**Physics 335—Thermal Physics**  
**Homework Assignment #2**  
**Revised Due Date: *Friday*, September 13, 2024, 11:40 a.m.**

**Ch 1:** Problems 1.48 (held over from HW #01), 1.51 and 1.55 (20 pts. each).

**Ch 2:** Problems 2.3, 2.6, 2.8, and 2.11 (20 pts. each).

*Hints:* For problem 1.55, don't derive anything for part (d), but do use that result in part (e). In part (e), note that the total number of particles  $N$  consists of  $N/2$  protons plus  $N/2$  electrons. The total mass is then  $M = \frac{N}{2}m_p + \frac{N}{2}m_e \approx \frac{N}{2}m_p$ , since electrons are much less massive than protons.

For the chapter 2 problems, feel free to use the posted *Mathematica* notebooks to get started, but note that direct enumerations of microstates for large numbers of items will exhaust Mathematica's memory. You will need to use the combinatoric formulas instead. For any graphs, a simple `ListPlot` is fine; don't worry about making a bar chart as in Fig. 2.4.

Problem 2.6 is very short.

For problem 2.11, note that the multiplicity is not given by Eq. 2.9. In contrast to the Einstein solid, each site can only hold either 0 or 1 energy units. In this case, the number of energy units  $q$  is simply equal to the number of down spins  $N_\downarrow$ . Look back at the end of section 2.1 for how to determine the multiplicity in this case.