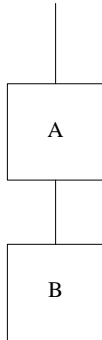


**Problem 2:** (30 pts.) You are trying to lower two boxes connected by a rope as shown in the figure. The top box (A) has a mass of 170 kg, and the bottom box (B) has a mass of 130 kg. Unfortunately, the rope between the two boxes is old and frayed, and can only support 70% of box B's weight.

a. (10 pts.) What is the acceleration of box B?

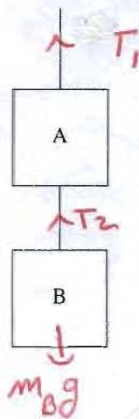


b. (10 pts.) What is tension in the top rope ( $T_1$ )?

c. (10 pts.) Under these conditions, if you have to lower the bottom box a total vertical distance of 10 m, how fast will it be going when it hits the ground?

**Problem 2:** (30 pts.) You are trying to lower two boxes connected by a rope as shown in the figure. The top box (A) has a mass of 170 kg, and the bottom box (B) has a mass of 130 kg. Unfortunately, the rope between the two boxes is old and frayed, and can only support 70% of box B's weight.

a. (10 pts.) What is the acceleration of box B?



$$\begin{aligned}\sum F_B &= m_B a_B \\ T_2 - m_B g &= m_B a_B \\ (0.70)(m_B g) - m_B g &= m_B a_B \\ -0.3g &= a_B \\ \boxed{-2.94 \text{ m/s}^2} &= a_B\end{aligned}$$

b. (10 pts.) What is tension in the top rope ( $T_1$ )?

$$\begin{aligned}\sum F_A &= m_A a_A \quad \text{assume } a_A = a_B \\ T_1 - T_2 - m_A g &= m_A a_A \\ T_1 - (0.70 m_B g) - m_A g &= m_A a_B \quad \text{use } a_B = -0.3g \\ T_1 &= m_A (g - 0.3g) + 0.70 m_B g \\ T_1 &= (m_A + m_B) (0.70g) = \boxed{2058 \text{ N}}\end{aligned}$$

c. (10 pts.) Under these conditions, if you have to lower the bottom box a total vertical distance of 10 m, how fast will it be going when it hits the ground?

$$\begin{aligned}v_B^2 &= v_{B0}^2 + 2a_B(\Delta y) \\ v_B^2 &= 0 + 2(-0.3g)(-10) = \\ \boxed{v_B} &= \boxed{7.67 \text{ m/s}}\end{aligned}$$